Psychiatric Nurses’ Attitudes toward Hospitalized Borderline Personality Disorder Patients with Self Harm and Nursing Practice Implications

References


Additional resources:

DBT, BPD, Recovery References


Recovery and Relationships:

Additional Information on Questionnaires

Demographic and Educational Information Questionnaire:
- years of psychiatric nursing service, education level, gender, age,
- frequency of contact with BPD patients, identification of the most recent training, need for further continuing education, identification of an educational topic from a resource list.

Adapted Attitudes toward Deliberate Self Harm Questionnaire (ADSHQ):
- Likert scale from 1- (strongly disagrees) to 4 (strongly agrees); Some items were reverse phrased items; Cronbach’s alpha = .71
- Higher scores indicated positive attitudes; no standardized scale;
- Permission was received from authors to use and adapt the ADSHQ (McAllister, M., Creedy, C., Moyle M. & Farrugia, C., 2002)
- Adapted ADSHQ – 19 items with three dimensions with a range of 19 – 76
- Dimension 4, ‘coping effectively with legal and system procedures’, was not used since this dimension had a low Cronbach’s alpha score and didn’t meet the surveyed sample’s scope of practice.
- Dimensions and Sample items
  - Dimension 1:- Perceived confidence in assessment and referral of BPD patients with self harm - Risk assessment is an important skill for me to have.
  - Dimension 2: - Ability to deal effectively with self harm patients – I deal effectively with self harm patients
  - Dimension 3: Empathetic approach - Dealing with self harm patients is a waste of a health care professional’s time (Reverse phrased)